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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Fair

VOL. XLV—NO. 29,

OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1915—TWELVE PAGES.

On Train, at Hotel
News Stands, etc., 5c

SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

ROOSEVELT WANTS UNIVERSAL MILITARY SERVICE IN AMERICA

Colonel Denounces Pacifists and
Insists on Nation Taking
Measures to Prepare
for War.

HE CITES BELGIUM AND CHINA

All-Inclusive Arbitration Treaties
United States Has Entered
Into Condemned.

RETELLS HIS PANAMA EXPLOIT

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt addressed the Panama-Pacific exposition crowds today on "Preparedness for War." The speech was given over almost entirely to that theme and he set it forth with new emphasis.

"I firmly believe that there should be universal military service for our young men, on the Swiss model," said the former president at one point in his speech. At another, referring to the price which Belgium had paid because of its unpreparedness, he said:

May Have to Pay.
"Some day or other it may well be that we shall have to pay on a tenfold greater scale the same price for exactly the same reasons; and, if that should be the case, remember, my fellow countrymen, that whereas the case of the Belgians excited warm sympathy, our misfortune would excite nothing but scorn and contempt, for a rich, powerful, boastful people invites the ridicule of all mankind if, whether from sheer silliness and shortsightedness, or from soft timidity, or from gross and greedy devotion to the material benefits of the moment, it fails to prepare itself to defend its own rights with its own strength."

Colonel Roosevelt spoke derisively of "eloquence as a substitute for action," and in his arraignment of those who stood in the way of preparedness for war, he said the "professional pacifists, the peace-at-any-price, non-resistance, universal arbitration people are seeking to Chinify this country—to reduce it to the level of impotence to which old China sank." The average Chinaman, he said, had taken the view that China was "too proud to fight," and in practice made evident his hearty approval of that object pacifist song, "I Didn't Raise My Boy to Be a Soldier."

Denounces Peace Treaties.

With all of his old-time vigor Colonel Roosevelt denounced the "unintentional" arbitration treaties which the United States had entered into and said that in declining to apply their principle in the case of the Lusitania there had been evidence of national hypocrisy or else an utter recklessness of folly in making promises. It was necessary to repudiate the principle in the Lusitania case, the colonel agreed, but "a shameful thing to have put ourselves in such a position that it had to be repudiated."

The United States had treated the Hague conventions as mere scraps of paper, he said, "which demand was made to show that our signatures meant something."

"I have a very strong feeling about the Panama exposition," said Colonel Roosevelt in beginning his speech. "It was my good fortune to take the action in 1913, failure to take which, in exactly the shape I took it, would have meant that no Panama canal would have been built for half a century and, therefore, that there would have been no exposition to celebrate the building of the canal. In everything we did in connection with the acquiring of the Panama zone we acted in a way to do absolute justice to all other nations, to benefit all other nations, including especially the adjacent states, and to render the utmost service, from the standpoint alike of honor and of material interest, to the United States. I am glad that this is the case, for if there were the slightest taint upon our title or our conduct, it would have been an improper and shameful thing to hold this exposition."

"The building of the canal nearly

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday:
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity—Fair, slightly warmer.

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Temp.	Wind
5 a. m.	59	W. 10
6 a. m.	60	W. 10
7 a. m.	62	W. 10
8 a. m.	63	W. 10
9 a. m.	64	W. 10
10 a. m.	65	W. 10
11 a. m.	66	W. 10
12 m.	67	W. 10
1 p. m.	68	W. 10
2 p. m.	69	W. 10
3 p. m.	70	W. 10
4 p. m.	71	W. 10
5 p. m.	72	W. 10
6 p. m.	73	W. 10
7 p. m.	74	W. 10

Comparative Local Record.

	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Highest yesterday	76	82	87	79
Lowest yesterday	59	71	62	63
Mean temperature.....	68	82	74	71
Precipitation00	.00	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from normal.

Deficiency for the day..... 9

Total deficiency since March 1..... 249

Normal precipitation for the day..... 14 inch

Total rainfall since March 1..... 15.25 inches

Deficiency for the day..... 14 inch

Deficiency since March 1..... 15.25 inches

Deficiency for cor. period, 1914, 2.48 inches

Deficiency for cor. period, 1913, 2.53 inches

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State Temp. High. Rain.

7 P. M. est.

Cheyanne, clear..... 72 74 .00

Denver, clear..... 72 80 .00

Des Moines, clear..... 74 78 .00

Dodge City, part cloudy, 74 78 .00

Laurel, cloudy..... 74 78 .00

North Platte, clear..... 72 82 .00

Omaha, clear..... 75 76 .00

Pueblo, clear..... 75 76 .00

Rapid City, cloudy..... 70 74 .00

Salt Lake City, part cloudy..... 65 69 .00

Santa Fe, cloudy..... 72 78 .00

Sheridan, clear..... 75 78 .00

Sioux City, clear..... 74 76 .00

Valentine, clear..... 75 76 .00

Wichita, clear..... 75 76 .00

Indicates trace of precipitation.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

AUSTRO-GERMAN DRIVE ON WARSAW—This remarkable photograph, taken on one of the main roads followed by the Germans and Austrians in their recent great attack on the Russians, defending the road to Warsaw, shows a company of Austrian infantry lined up by the side of the road, whilst a division of German infantry marches past to the battle line in front.



WELCOME GIVEN GERMAN SINGERS

Omaha in Gala Dress for Opening of
Saengerfest at Auditorium
Last Evening.

BANDS GREET THE VISITORS

A true "deutsche Willkommen" was given the thousands of singers who arrived in Omaha for the twenty-sixth National Saengerfest.

A big reception committee, reinforced by bands of music, gathered at the Union and Burlington stations and greeted the singers as special train after special train, gaily decorated, pulled in and disgorged an endless procession of singers.

Parade Through Streets.
When all had arrived a procession was formed and paraded up through the gaily decorated streets to the home of the Omaha Musik Verein, Seventeenth and Cass streets, where all was in readiness for a monster welcome.

Philip Handesch and A. F. Ceyer on white horses headed the parade. Some of the delegations had brought their own bands and these reinforced the local forces, opposite here, today or tomorrow. The big Chicago delegation carried mauve colored umbrellas. Others wore hats of special kinds. At the lead the parade the big, splendid banners of the various associations were carried and big American flags.

As the trains did not all arrive at the same time, of course, only a comparatively small number of the delegations were present.

(Continued on Page Four, Column Four.)

Nogales Preparing for Engagement of Mexican Factions

NOGALES, Ariz., July 21.—Anticipating a battle between the Carranza and Villa forces, opposite here, today or tomorrow. Residents of this town began to board windows facing the Mexican border line and to move furniture to cellars.

Governor Jose Maytorena, the Villa leader, now has 4,000 troops in Nogales, Sonora. All his artillery has been removed from Guaymas, the west coast port, which is now undefended. The Villa troops in that section, including those dispatched to protect American settlers from Indians in the Yaqui valley, have moved southward, according to advice received here today. Carranza troops are reported to be advancing to take possession of the city.

General Acosta and Colonel De La Vega, Maytorena's lieutenants, arrived today from Villa Verde, where they admit they were defeated by the Carranza forces of General Elias Calles.

In an interview this morning Maytorena reiterated his determination to hold Nogales, his last port on the border, "at any cost."

DOUGLAS, Ariz., July 21.—Reports from Agua Prieta, Mexico, indicate that Carranza troops are moving on Nogales today, although slowly, because of bridges destroyed by the retreating Villa forces.

Representatives of General Calles said that when he established his headquarters there yesterday the Carranza leaders found evidence of much looting, particularly in the Chinese quarters by the fleeing garrison. On the other hand, Governor Maytorena's supporters say Calles executed thirty civilians on entering Nogales.

It is reported here that Chief Orbaldo of the Yaqui was said yesterday to be coming to Maytorena's assistance with 1,500 troops, had refused to leave the Yaqui valley.

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PAPAL DELEGATE VISITS IN OMAHA

Most Reverend John Bonzano, Apostolic
Delegate at Washington,
Here for a Day.

AMAZED AT WESTERN STATES

The Most Reverend John Bonzano of Washington, D. C., apostolic delegate to the United States, arrived in Omaha with his party in a special car at 10:15 on his way to the coast.

The party left Omaha at 4:20 p. m. yesterday for Denver, thence to Salt Lake and then to San Francisco. The papal delegate is making his first trip through the west since his appointment in the United States.

In the party were Most Rev. John Bonzano, apostolic delegate; Very Rev. Francis C. Kelly, Rev. Thomas D. Shannon, editor of the New World of Chicago; Right Rev. Bishop Glass of Salt Lake City; Rev. Philip Bernardini of Washington, D. C.; and Rev. George Tyson of Washington, D. C., secretary to the delegate.

To Visit Coast Cities.

From San Francisco the party is to go north to Portland and Seattle. They started from Chicago, to which place the delegate had come a week before to attend the funeral of Archbishop James Edward Quigley.

Bishop Scannell and Father E. Hugh Getely were at the station to meet the party. An automobile ride about the city had been arranged for and with several cars at their disposal the party was shown about the city. At noon they were the guests of Bishop Scannell for luncheon at the bishop's home, 808 North Thirty-sixth street. During the afternoon Creighton university and other institutions of interest were visited.

"Oh, no, please let it go." This was all Delegate Bonzano had to say to a newspaper man who approached him for a short interview. He was not in a mood to talk on the European war nor on the Mexican situation. Neither would he talk on the excess of rain in Nebraska. He waved the interviewer away and darted for the big automobile and was gone.

Develops Great Men.

Nevertheless, he had some good things to say for Nebraska, Iowa and the central west in general, even if he did not choose to talk them directly to the newspaper. He could not refrain from exclamations at the beauty of the country at this time when warm, humid growing weather has crowded itself upon the heels of abundant moisture.

"This is my first trip through the west," he said. "I can see this is a wonderful country. I look out over the fields and am forced to the conclusion that this is a wonderfully rich country. And then, there is so much of the outdoors. There is so much room, so much space. Indeed, there must be a race of big and great men developing in such a land."

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Just Interpretation of the Ills of Society Next Step in Coming Order

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Just interpretation of the ills of society is the first step in the coming order of business, Rev. J. R. Perkins, pastor of the First Christian church of Sioux City, Ia., proclaimed to his fellow Rotarians here tonight at the annual banquet of the International Association of Rotary Clubs. He argued for a single standard of ethics in business as against a code wherein a man deals in one way with his family, in another with his acquaintances, and in a third with strangers.

"Paterson, N. J., Trinidad, Colo., and Calumet, Mich., are anachronisms in a new moral epoch," he declared.

"For every ill in the business world, there is a cause. Interpretation discovers that cause. And the man or group of men, whether of organized capital or organized labor, that will not consent to the decisions and findings of the larger bodies of social interpreters is unusual and a menace to business development."

"The speaker does not pretend to know where the responsibility must be placed for what happened in the silk industry of New Jersey, the coal industry of Colorado and the metal industry of Michigan. But he does believe that if the spirit of interpretation had been brought to bear on the problems involved, the industrial war would have been averted."

"The new moral note in modern business insists that men build their fortunes, not at the expense of one another, but at the expense of nature."

"No dollar is a clean dollar that has been made by the loss of the arm or the eye of a workman, when a machine could have been guarded. The new business morality insists that before one can be a model, he must operate a model factory, store or mine."

"The new business morality insists that our institutions be not destroyed, but that they be altered to meet changed conditions in the social order."

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